RRA Gender pay gap report. UK 2022

We are continuing on our path to building a diverse and inclusive workplace where everyone belongs.

Russell Reynolds Associates (RRA) is committed to fostering an inclusive workplace where all colleagues belong and can advance their careers. We believe that a diverse and inclusive workplace is essential to our continued success and to creating a culture that fosters innovation, creativity, and collaboration.

Over the 12 months leading up to April 2022, the firm has experienced rapid growth, welcoming over 580 new colleagues, 70 in the UK alone. We hired a diverse group of new colleagues, and are intentional in creating meaningful workspaces and experiences in which all colleagues feel seen, respected and included.

In the UK, companies with 250 or more employees are required by law to calculate and report their gender pay gap figures. This is our first year of mandatory reporting.

Overview

The gender pay gap reflects the average hourly pay of all women compared to the average of all men, expressed as a percentage relative to the average of men in each group. The mean figure is calculated from the arithmetic average and can be impacted by outliers. The median figure represents the middle hourly pay rate when they are put in order.

As of 5 April 2022, our mean gender pay gap is 26%. Our median pay gap is 42%.

It is critical to understand that the existence of a gender pay gap should <u>not</u> be confused with the concept of pay inequality. Equal pay issues can arise when there are differences between men and women's earnings for performing the same or similar work; the gender pay gap is the difference between the average earnings of men and women across an organization regardless of the nature of their work; this can also be expressed across sectors, or markets.

UK gender pay gap regulations mandate that we report the pay gap as a figure that combines average salary at all levels across our workforce over a set period, regardless of role.

While this is an important comparison, it only tells a portion of the story. Additional analysis shows that when we create a "like-for-like" comparison of RRA data across roles,

the pay disparity all but disappears. It is therefore important to understand how our organization is structured in order to understand the gender pay gap.

Looking at the breakdown of gender across the pay quartiles

Research shows a persistent gender imbalance at senior leadership levels across many professional services organizations. RRA, however, has a higher prevalence of women in the upper and middle pay quartiles.

In addition, we have a higher portion of women in roles that sit in the lower pay quartiles. This particular imbalance is largely attributable to the fact that the positions found in our lower pay quartiles are occupations that tend to be dominated by women, not only at our firm, but across other professional services organizations and the UK in general.

The table below shows the percentage of men and women in each of our pay quartiles.

Pay Quartile	Men	Women
Upper Quartile	44%	56%
Upper Middle Quartile	45%	55%
Lower Middle Quartile	14%	86%
Lower Quartile	22%	78%

Bonus Pay

In the reporting year 2022, 84% of colleagues who are men and 93% of colleagues who are women received a bonus. The mean bonus pay gap is 45% and the median is 78%. This gap can once again be attributed to the composition of gender within specific roles, not a differentiation of bonus within like roles.

Our path to accelerate progress in the future

We are committed to reducing our gender pay gap and continuing to promote gender equality in the workplace. To further this effort, we are committed to the following:

- 1. Continuing to ensure the diversity of pools of qualified candidates from which we recruit, including across gender and other historically underrepresented groups.
- 2. Reviewing our promotion processes to ensure they are fair and free from bias.
- 3. Providing specific and targeted training towards our managers, new joiners and for all colleagues addressing topics such as inclusive leadership, micro behaviors, unconscious bias, and inclusive hiring practices.
- 4. Encouraging flexible working arrangements to support work-life balance.
- 5. Continuing review of our benefits program to enhance our portfolio of offerings, improve access and eligibility, and maximize equity across employee cohorts.
- 6. Continuing review of our bonus structures to ensure they are equitable and free from bias.

We believe these initiatives will help reduce our gender pay gap and create a more diverse and inclusive workplace.

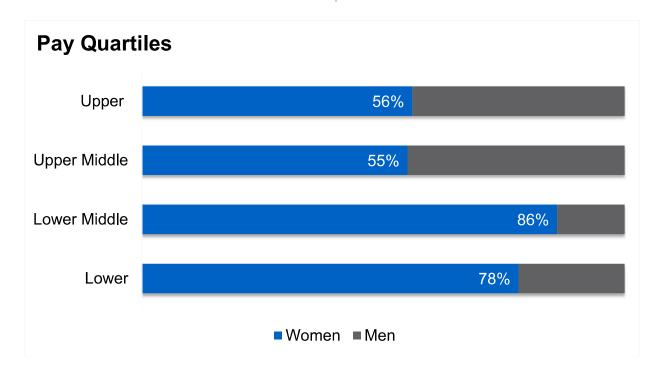
I confirm that the information is accurate and has been calculated in line with the Equality Act 2010 (Gender Pay Gap Information Regulations 2017).

Signed

Eric Allen Director

Statutory reporting for 2022:

Hourly Pay Gap		Bonus pay Gap	
Mean	26%	Mean	45%
Median	42%	Median	78%



Portion of Workforce Receiving Bonus Pay

93% Women

84% Men

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